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RISK AND OPPORTUNITY MANAGEMENT

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1.0 Objective

 To ensure that risks and opportunities are identified, treatment planned to minimize their impact and how opportunities are managed to improve their likelihood and benefit.

2.0 Scope

 This documented procedure covers all the procedures starting from the identification of the risk or opportunity up to the rating of the risk/opportunity after the risk treatment had been applied.

3.0 Definition of Terms:

- Risk: A negative effect of uncertainty.
- · Opportunity: A positive effective of uncertainty.
- Uncertainty: A deficiency of information related to understanding or knowledge
 of an event, its consequence, or likelihood. (Not to be confused with
 measurement uncertainty.)
- Risk Assessment: a systematic investigation and analysis of potential risks, combined with the assignment of severities of probabilities and consequences.
 These are used to rate risks in order to prioritize the mitigation of high risks.
- Risk Mitigation: a plan developed with the intent of addressing all known or possible risks and preventing their occurrence.
- FMEA (Failure Mode Effects Analysis): a specific risk method for identifying risks and ranks risks by probability and consequence.
- PPA (Potential Problem Analysis): a specific risk method for identifying risks and rank risks by probability and consequence
- Detection: Additional controls or feedback mechanisms that can result in a reduction of either the severity or probability (or both).
- Risk Priority Number (RPN): Composite risk score of severity x probability x
 detectability; relative priority for taking action- the bigger the RPN, the more
 important to address failure being assessed.

4.0 Records

- PL BAI-08 Risk Register (FMEA)
- PL BAI-09 Risk Register (PPA)
- PL BAI-10 Opportunity Register

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5.0 References

- ED BAI-01 PNS ISO 9001:2015 Quality Management Systems Requirements
- ED BAI-02 PNS ISO 9000:2005, Quality Management Systems Fundamentals and Vocabulary
- ED BAI-03 PNS ISO IEC 17020:2012 Inspection Body Requirements

6.0 Management of Risk Process

FLOW	RESPONSIBILITY	INTERFACE/DETAILS
Risks are identified	QMS Core Team member/ Process owner/employee	 Use GF BAI-97 and 98 Risk Register Templates Additional risks may be identified by any employee at any time Each process is defined in detail through the Risk Templates. This document includes the identification and mitigation plans for key risks associated with the defined process. The Top Management reviews these risks and takes actions to minimize them.
Identify the process for which the risk most likely dominates and applying the probability (likelihood) and consequence (impact)	QMS Core Team member/ Process owner/employee	When Potential Problem Analysis (PPA) style risk treatment is used Assigning a probability rating to the identified risk; this probability is comprised of two elements: likelihood and previous occurrences. Each element is given a score from 1 (lowest risk) to 5 (highest risk). The final probability rating is the average of the elements Assigning a consequence rating if the risk were to be encountered; this consequence is comprised of five elements as described in Table 1. Again, each element is

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Calculatethe Risk Rating base on the equation: PROBABILITY

PROBABILITY
RATING X
CONSEQUENCE
RATING = RISK
RATING

QMS Core Team member/ Process owner/employee given a score from 1 (lowest risk) to 5 (highest risk). The final consequence rating is the average of the elements. See Table 1 below.

- Actions required for Risk Ratings are reflected in Table 2
- Risk with a risk rating of low may be accepted without a mitigation plan, unless otherwise directed by management

When Failure Mode Effects Analysis (FMEA) style risk treatment is used

- Assigning a probability rating to the identified risk; this probability is comprised of two elements: likelihood and previous occurrences. Each element is given a score from 1 (lowest risk) to 5 (highest risk). The final probability rating is the average of the elements
- Assigning a consequence rating if the risk were to be encountered; this consequence is comprised of five elements as described in Table 1. Again, each element is given a score from 1 (lowest risk) to 5 (highest risk). The final consequence rating is the average of the elements. See Table 1 below.
- Assigning detection level for the risk identified which is comprised of 5 elements as described in Table 3. Again, each element is given a score from 1 (can be detected immediately) to 5 (cannot be detected)

Calculate the Risk Rating base on the equation:

PROBABILITY
RATING X
CONSEQUENCE
RATING X
DETECTABILITY=
RISK PRIORITY
NUMBERR



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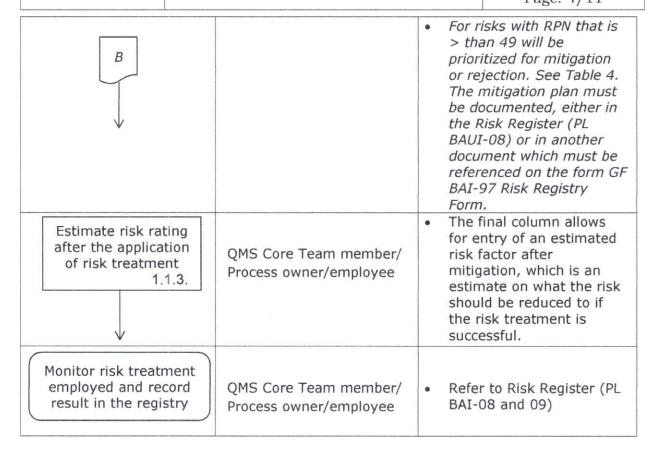
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Management of Opportunity Process

FLOW	RESPONSIBILITY	INTERFACE/DETAILS
Opportunities are identified	QMS Core Team member/ Process owner/employee	 Use PL BAI-10 Opportunity List Actively seek out opportunities which could enhance our resources and manpower competence. For example- international sponsored training, international funding agencies for livestock projects, etc. Opportunities are identified in the Context of the Organization (QM 4.1)

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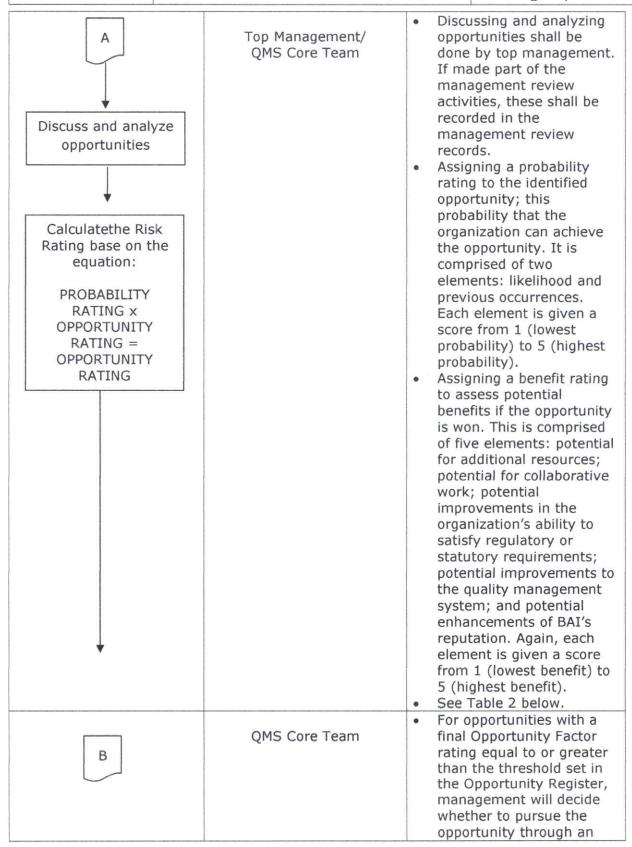
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В		or to oppo oppo anoth must form Oppo facto oppo may outridirect mans	rtunities with a r less than the rtunity target rating be abandoned ght, unless otherwise ted by top agement.
Determine actions to take for the listed opportunities	QMS Core Team	for e resul oppo close entri oppo win t Pursu Explo great proce Acce but u contr Decli typic expe antic If an a neg mana cond on th	final column allows ntry of success t, once the rtunity has been ed; this includes es for abandoning the rtunity, and failing to the opportunity. The opportunity ore the opportunity in the detail before edding pt the opportunity, ander limited and rolled conditions ne the opportunity, ally based on a high conditions opportunity includes opportunity includes gative aspect, agement may elect to uct a risk assessment the negative aspect, as ed above.
Monitor Opportunities Identified	QMS Core Team		te opportunity listing ecessary



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Table 1. Evaluating Risk Likelihood and Consequence Matrix

1	2	ω	4	5	<u> </u>
Not known to happen (Unlikely)	Known to happen once a year (Likely)	Known to happen up to 1x/quarter (Medium)	Known to happen more than 1x/quarter (High)	Known to happen more than 1x/quarter/every month (Expected)	Likelihood of Occurrence
1	2	ω	4	σ	Insignificant (Negligible) 1 • <5% below target • ≤ 5 days delay • No customer complaint
2	4	6	8	10	Minor (Low) 2 • 5-10% below target • ≥ 5 days delay • Minor customer complaint
3	6	φ	12	15	Consequence if Event Occurs Moderate (Medium) V 11-20% below target ay -2 or more customer complaints -Ol
4	8	12	16	20	Major (High) 4 • 21-30% below target • Legal action on complaints • Product recall • Options available
СЛ	10	15	20	25	Catastrophic (Extreme) 5 > 30% below target Lawsuit on complaints Product recall Options not available



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Table 2.Risk Evaluation and Action Priority

RISK RATING	RISK PRIORITY	ACTION REQUIRED
EXTREME RISK (15-25)	Ρ1	Unacceptable Risk: Priority action, budget to be approved within the next 3 months, add additional controls, review adequacy of current controls
HIGH RISK (10-12)	P2	Unacceptable Risk: Action to be second priority, add additional controls, review adequacy of current controls
MODERATE RISK (4-9)	Р3	Investigate further risk controls; Action to be done if there are available resources
LOW RISK (1-3)	P4	Risk is acceptable: No further risk controls required, to be noted



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Table 3. Detection Table

Value	Description	Criteria
1	High degree of detection	Presence of two or more automatic or
7	uigii degree or detection	manual detection systems; visible reaction
J	Cood detection	Manual detection that is a direct measure
٨	Good defection	of failure
U	likely to detect	Presence of detection system that is not a
U	LIKELY TO DETECT	direct measure of failure
4	Fair detectability	Visual level check
5	No detectability	Not able to detect the failure

Table 4. Risk Acceptability based on RPN

	Priority Ranking	Actions Required
1	> 49 RPN	Unacceptable Risk: Priority action, budget to be approved within the next 3 months, add
		additional control, review adequacy of current controls; Justification required for risk that is
		accepted
2	30-49 RPN	Unacceptable Risk: Action to be second priority, add additional controls, review adequacy of
		current control; Acceptable only if it cannot be
		further mitigated by organizational or
		technological solutions
W	15-29 RPN	Tolerable: Risks should be periodically reviewed
		for reduction; Action to be done if there are
		available resources
4	1-14 RPN	Risks is acceptable: No further risk controls
		required, to be noted



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Table 3. Evaluation of Opportunity Likelihood and Consequence

н	2	з	4	5	-
No chance of success within the next 12-24 months with existing condition	1-25% chance of success within the next 12-24 months with existing condition	26-50% chance of success within the next 12-24 months with existing condition	51-75% chance of success within the next 12-24 months with existing condition	>75% chance of success within the next 12-24 months with existing condition	Likelihood of Occurrence
μ	2	ω	4	5	Very Low 1 No perceived value for improvement
2	4	6	8	10	Low 2 Pursuing the opportunity will slightly improve good governance
ω	Ō	φ	12	15	Medium Medium 3 Pursuing the opportunity will considerably improve good governance governance
4	œ	12	16	20	High 4 Pursuing the opportunity will highly improve good governance
ហ	10	15	20	25	Very High 5 • Pursuing the opportunity will greatly improve good governance essential for sustainability



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Table 6. Action Priority for Opportunities

Opportunity Rating	Priority Level	Action Required
High	P1	Pursue the opportunity
Moderate	P2	Explore the opportunity
Low	Р3	Accept the opportunity, but under limited and controlled conditions
Very Low	P4	Decline the opportunity, typically based on a high expected cost or low anticipated benefit

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